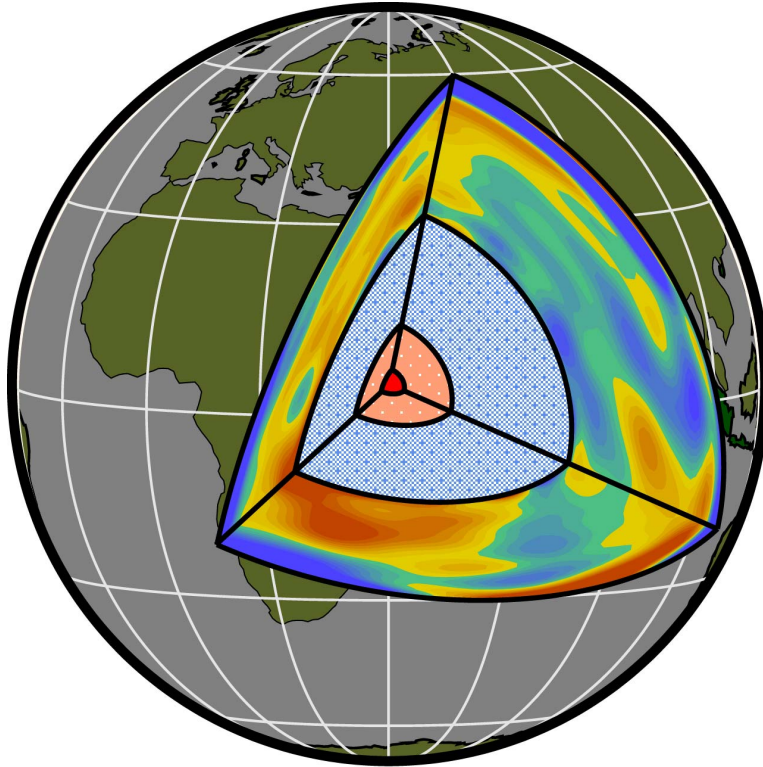


# Examples of the Uses of CTBT Verification Data for Advancing Earth Sciences



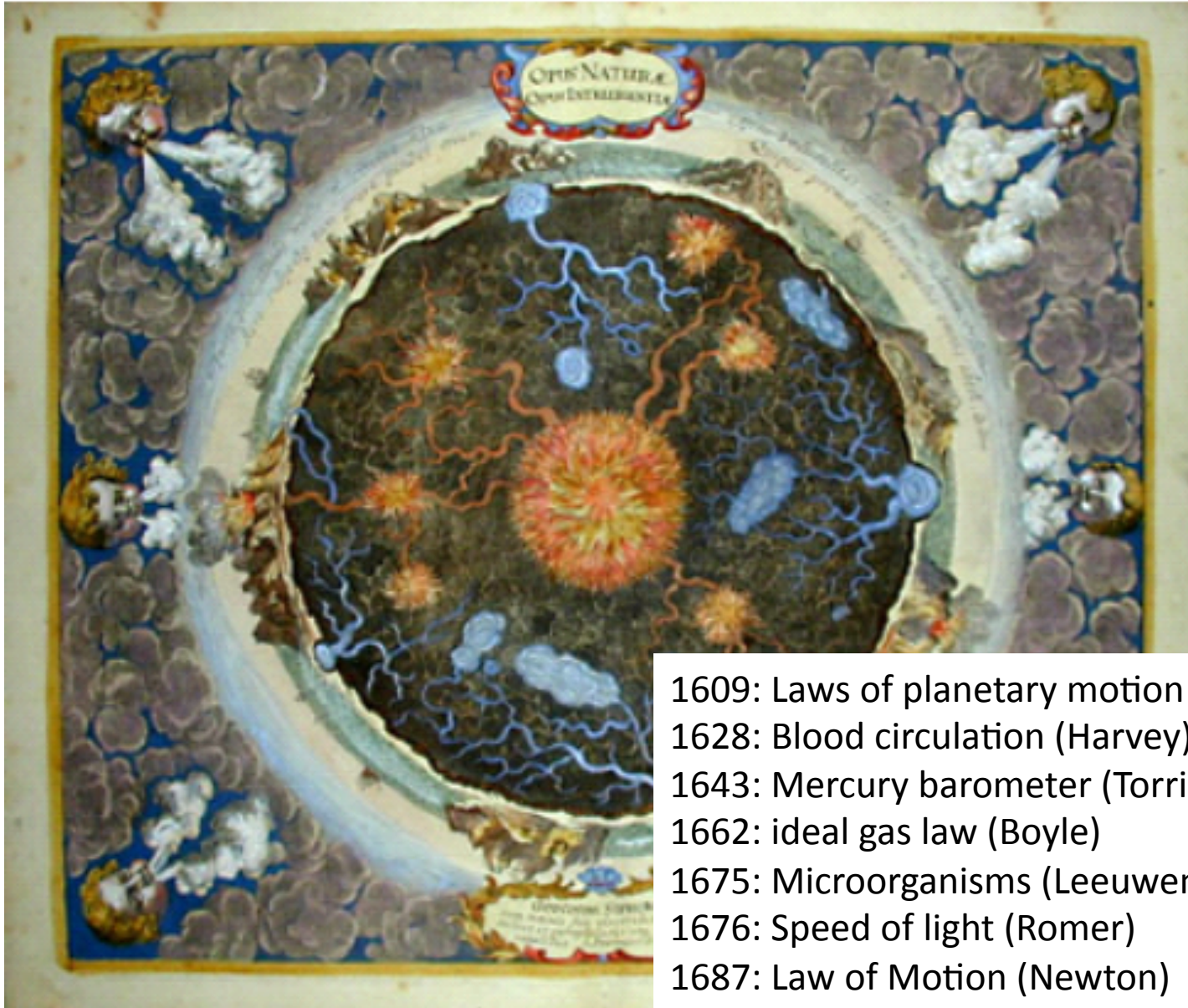
- ◆ Studies of the Earth's Interior
- ◆ Earth's Core
- ◆ Inner-Core Boundary
- ◆ Anisotropy of the Inner Core

Miaki Ishii

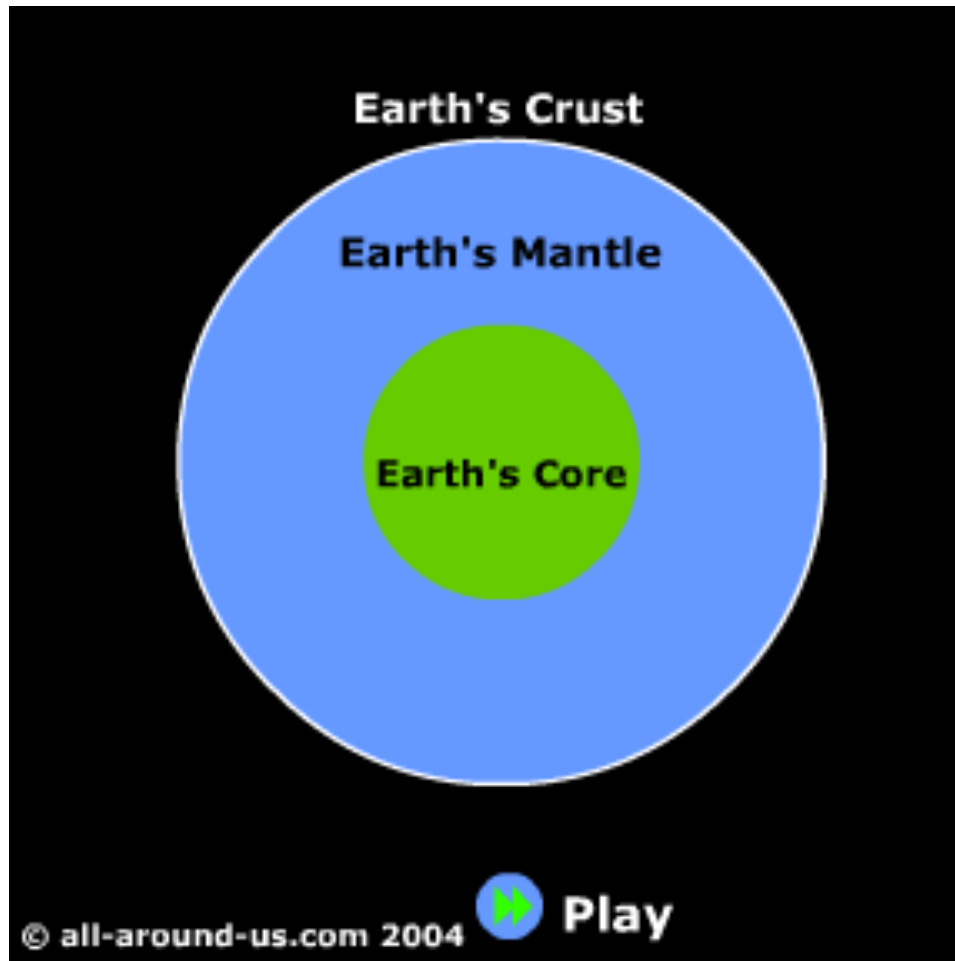
Department of Earth & Planetary Sciences

Harvard University

# Earth's Interior: Athanasius Kircher (1663)



# Deepest Hole?



12 km (7.6 miles)

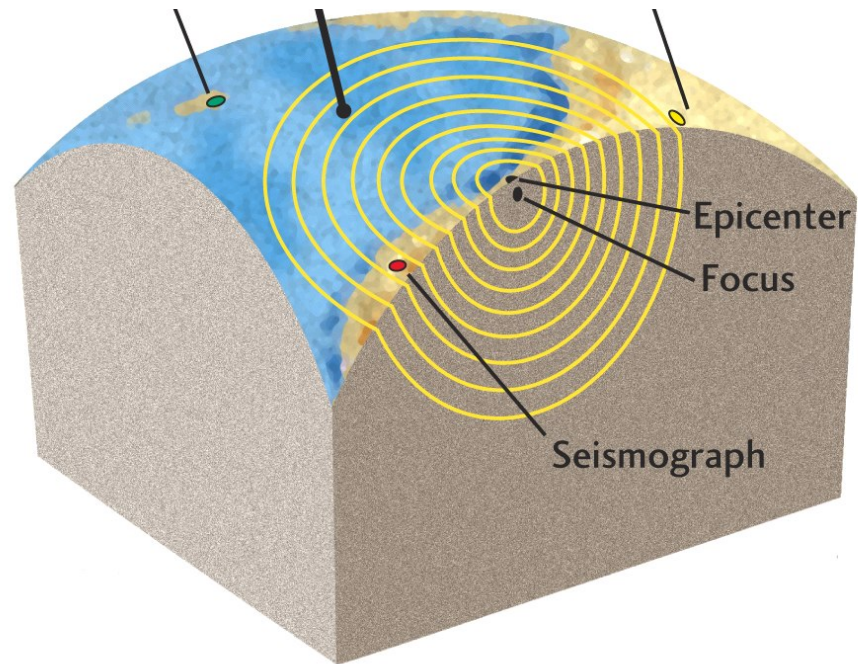
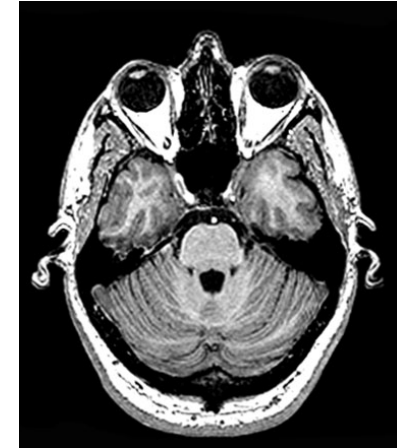
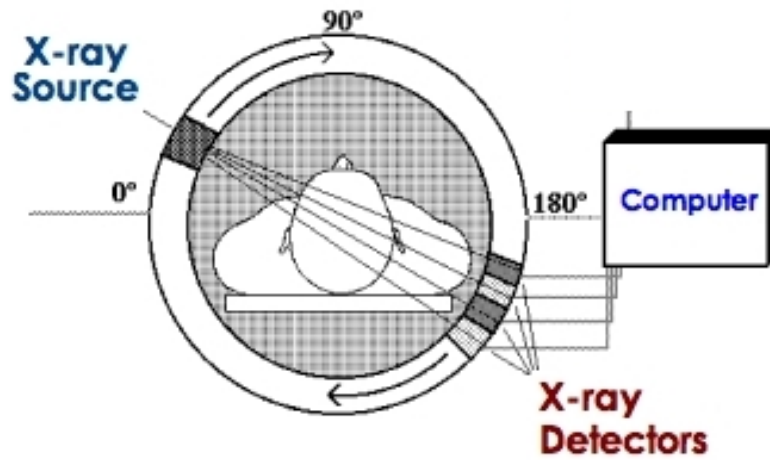
Mount Everest = 8.8 km high

Radius of Earth = 6371 km

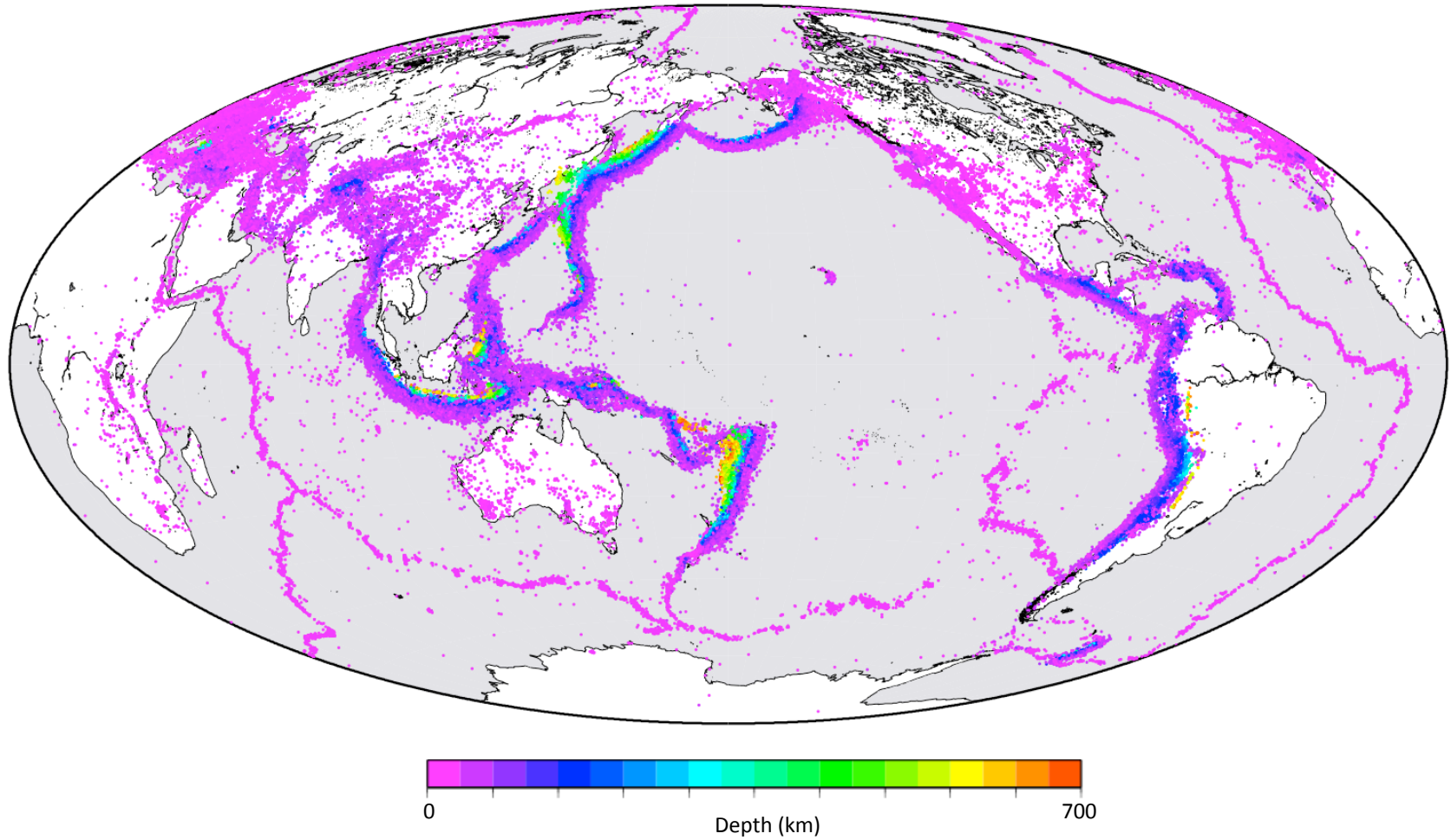
→ less than 0.2%

<http://www.all-around-us.com/images/fla/ecrust.swf>

# Internal Structure



# Earthquake Distribution

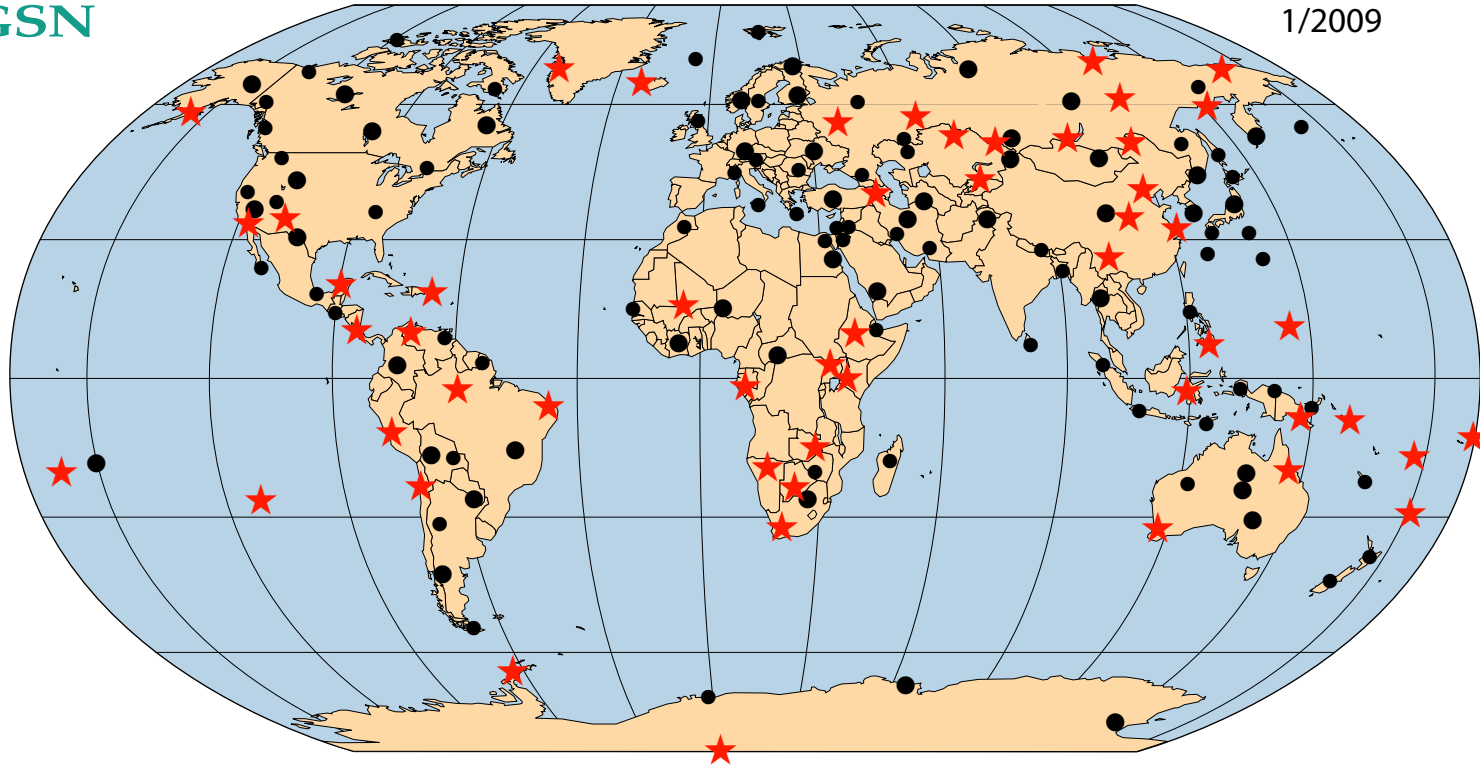


NEIC PDE Catalogue 1990~2008



# GLOBAL SEISMOGRAPHIC NETWORK & INTERNATIONAL MONITORING SYSTEM (IMS)

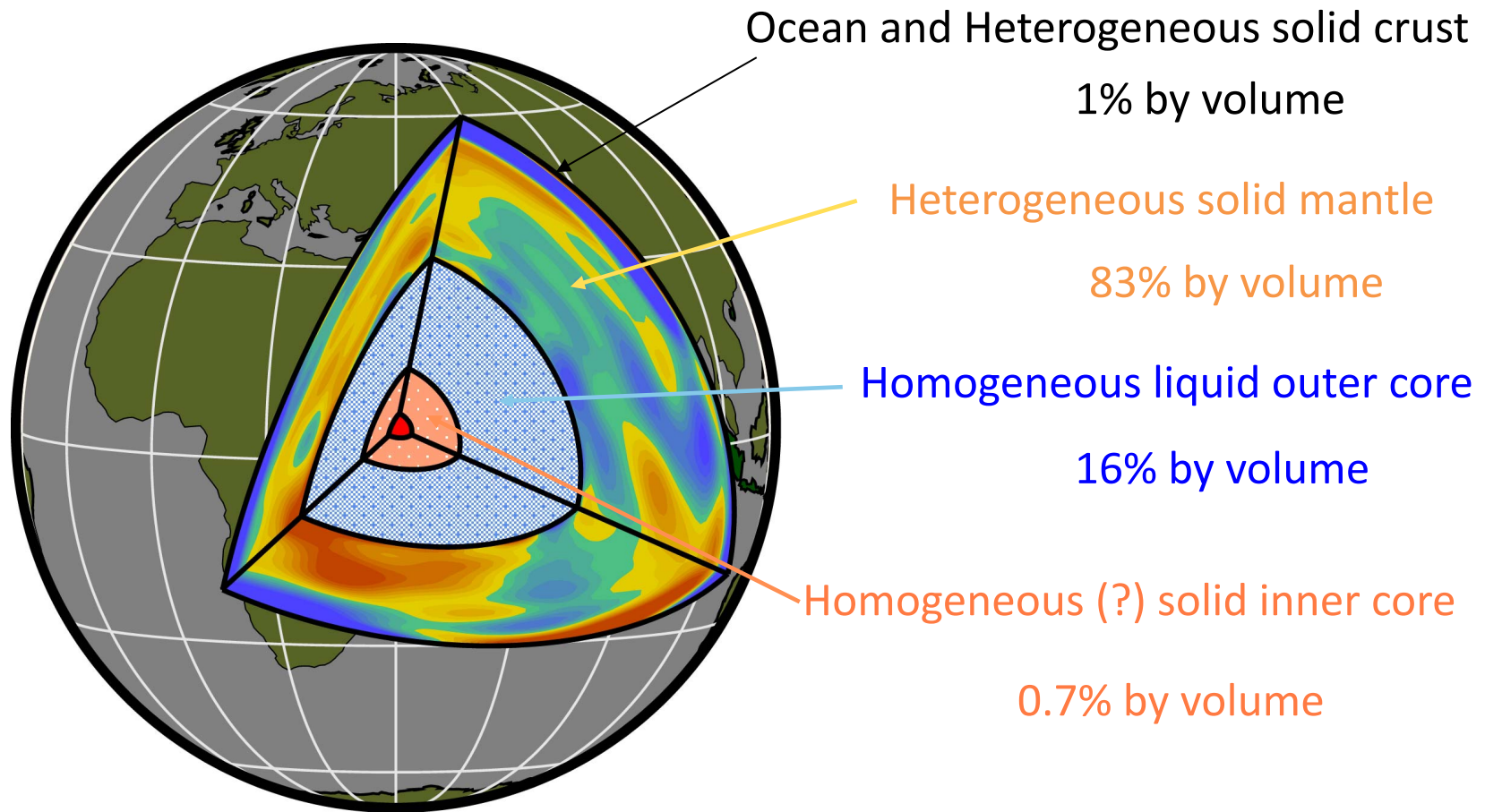
1/2009



- ★ GSN IMS Designated Stations
- Other IMS Seismic Stations



# Internal Structure



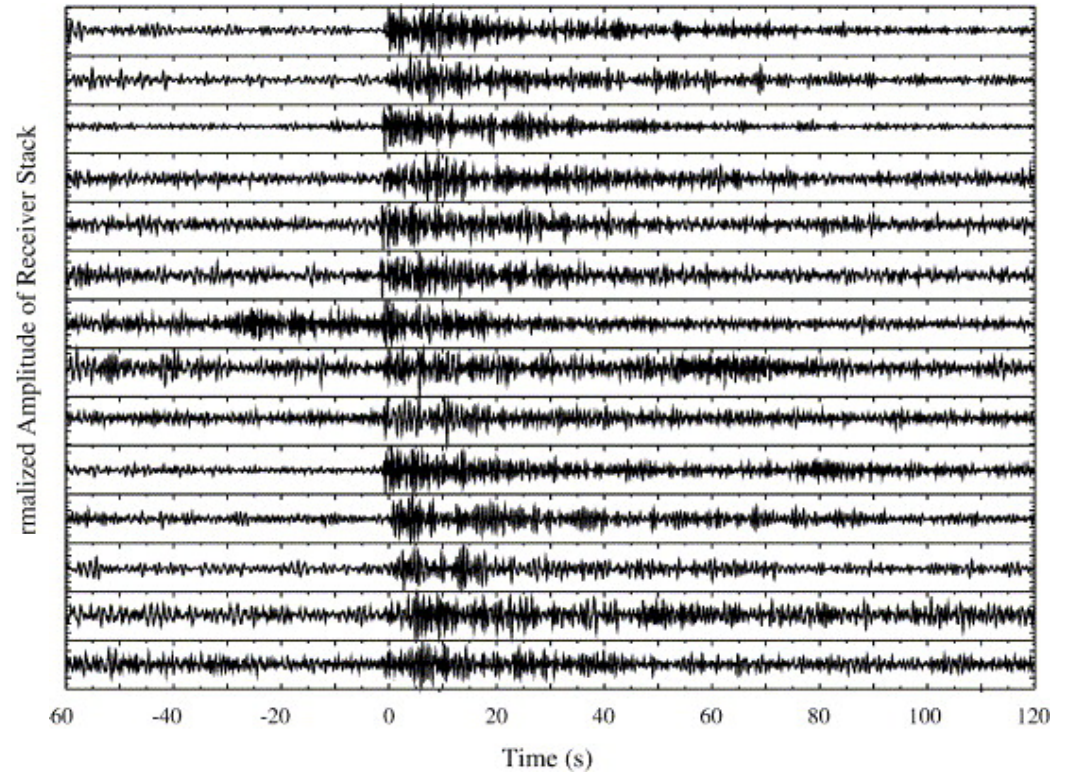
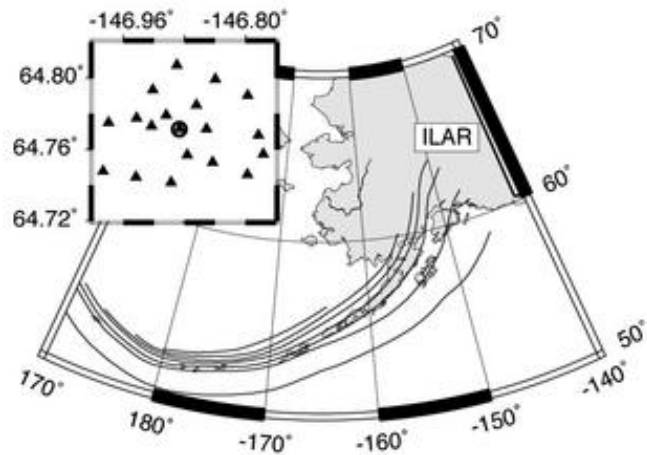
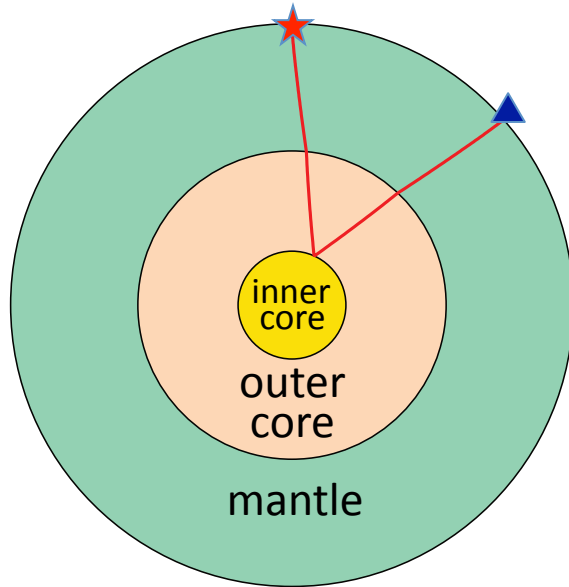


# Earth's Inner Core



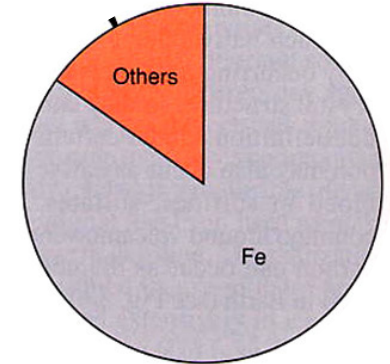
- discovered by Inge Lehmann (1936)
- 1221 km radius
  - Moon: 1737 km
  - Earth: 6371 km
- $9.84 \times 10^{22}$  kg mass
  - 134% of moon
  - 1.6% of Earth
- 5150 ~ 6371 km depth

# Reflection from the Inner Core



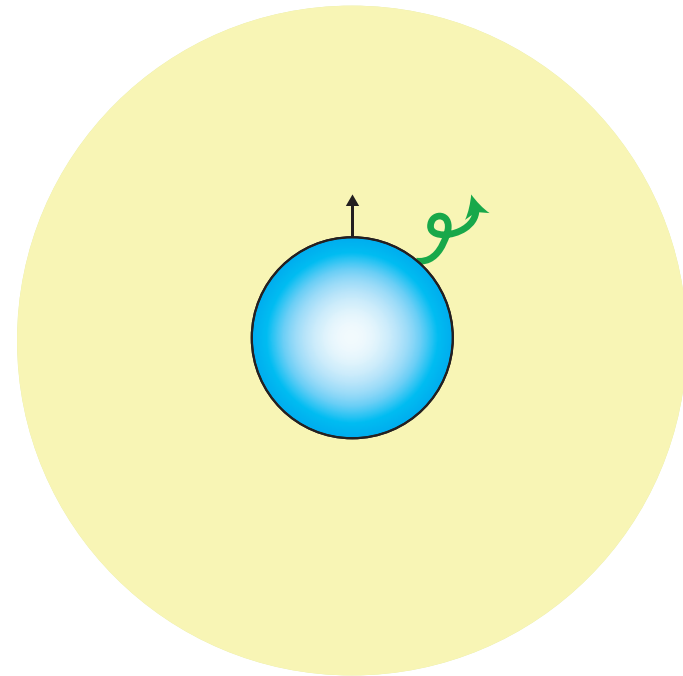
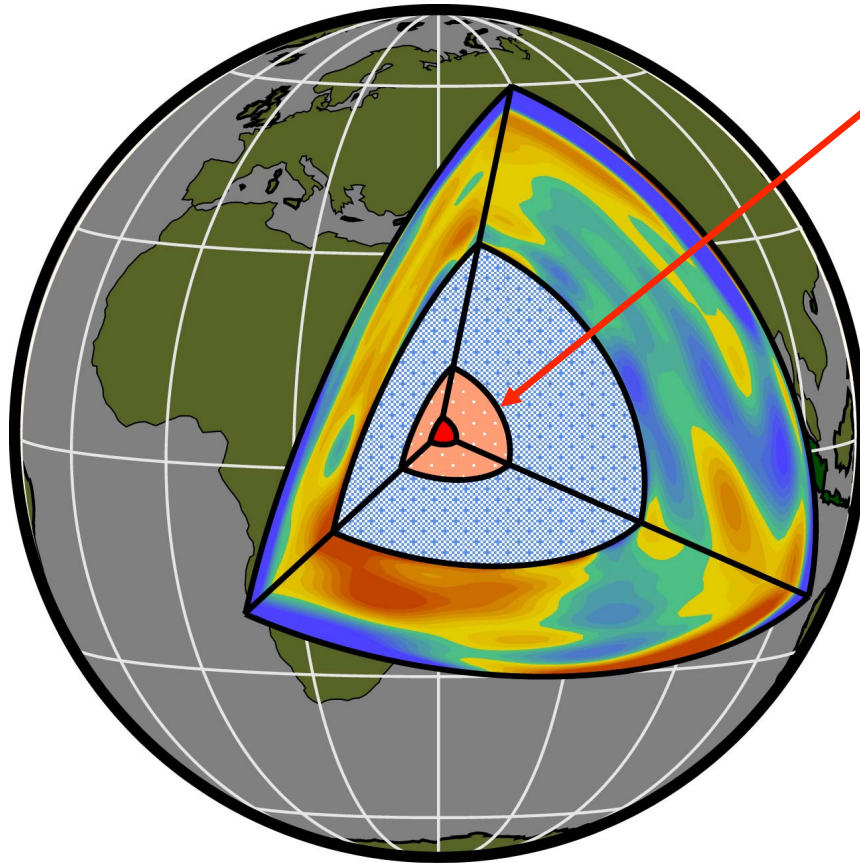
Koper & Dombrovskaya (2005)

# Inner-Core Boundary

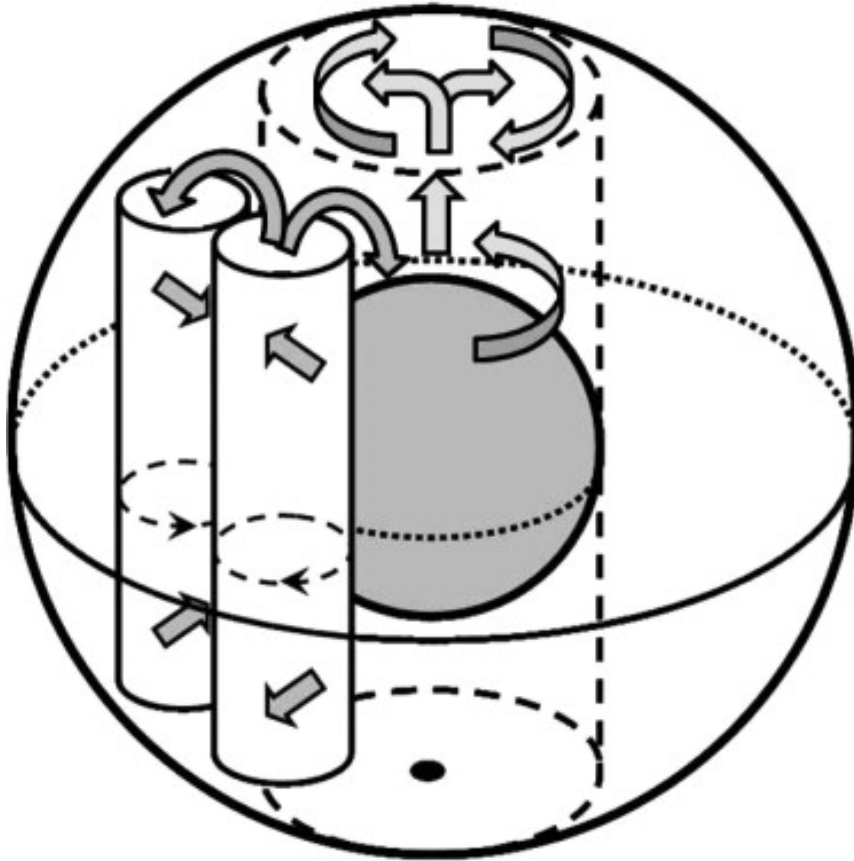


liquid outer core  
solid inner core

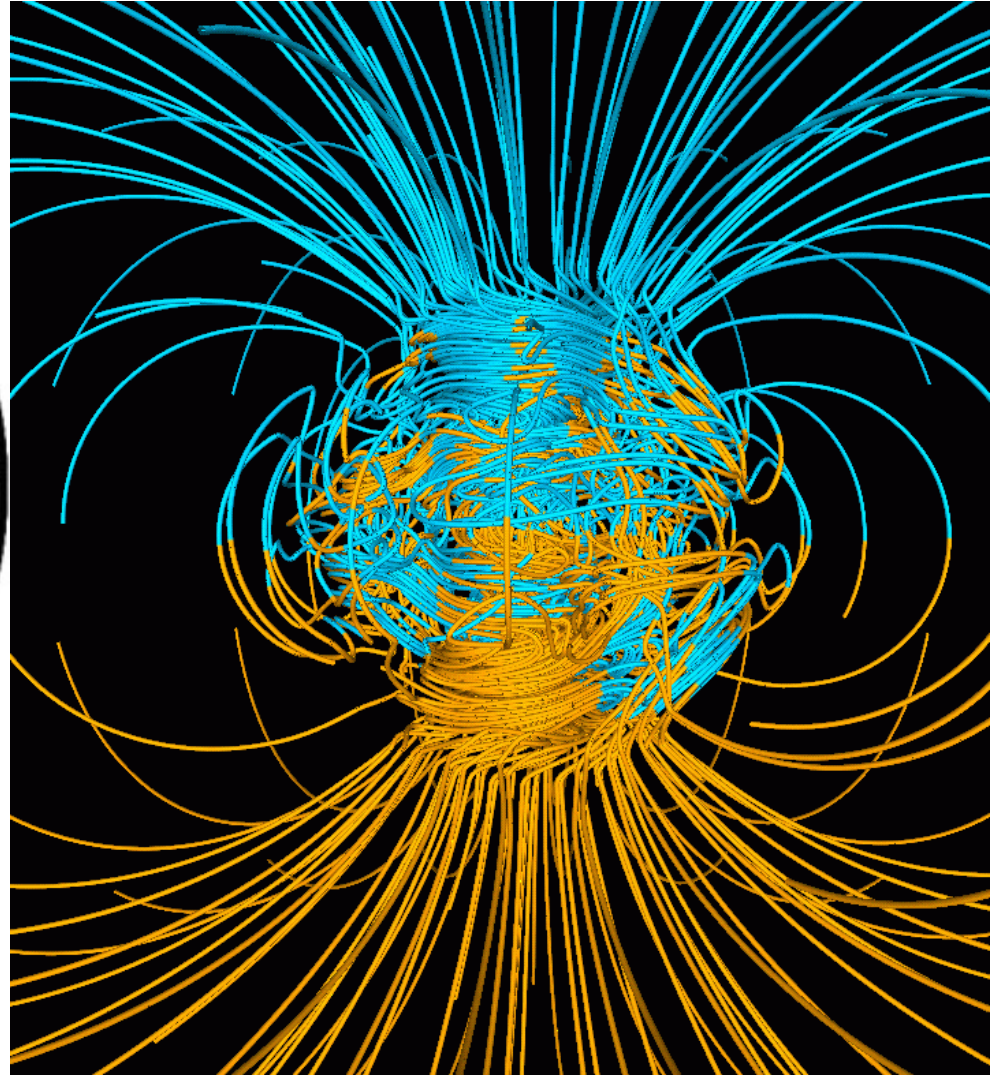
$$\Delta\rho = 0.52 \pm 0.24 \text{ g/cm}^3$$



# Convection in the Outer Core

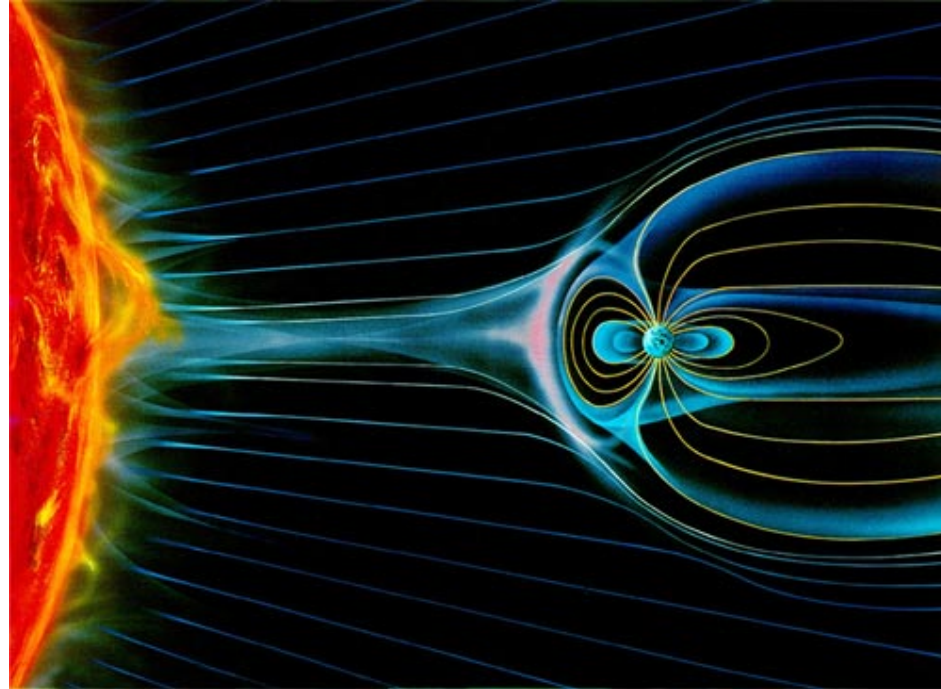


Christensen (2011)

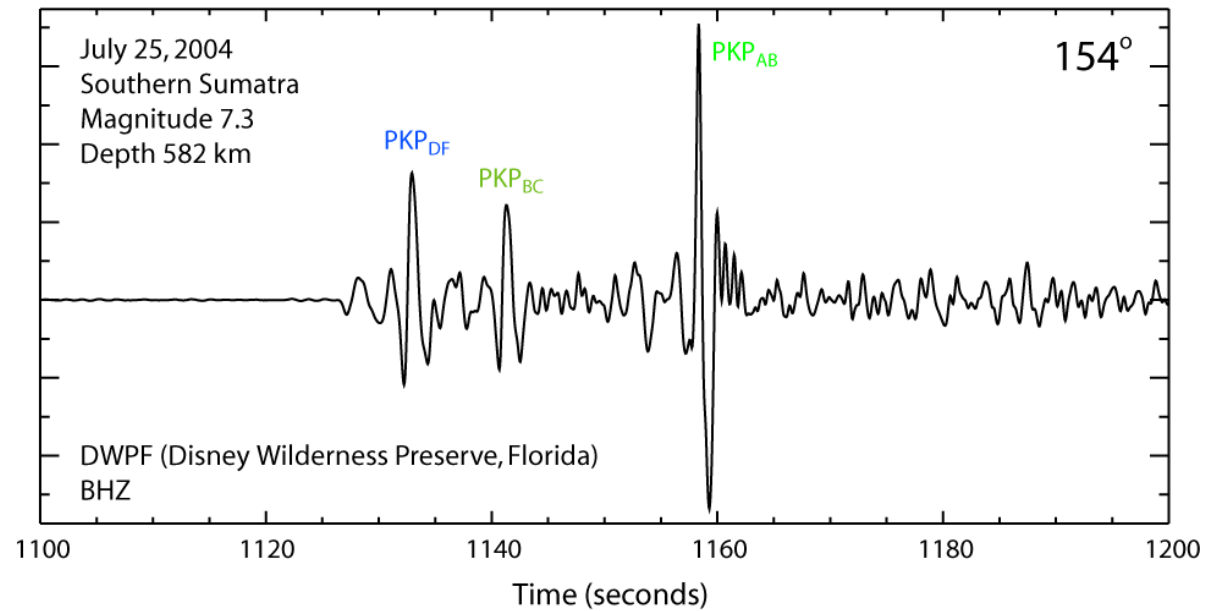
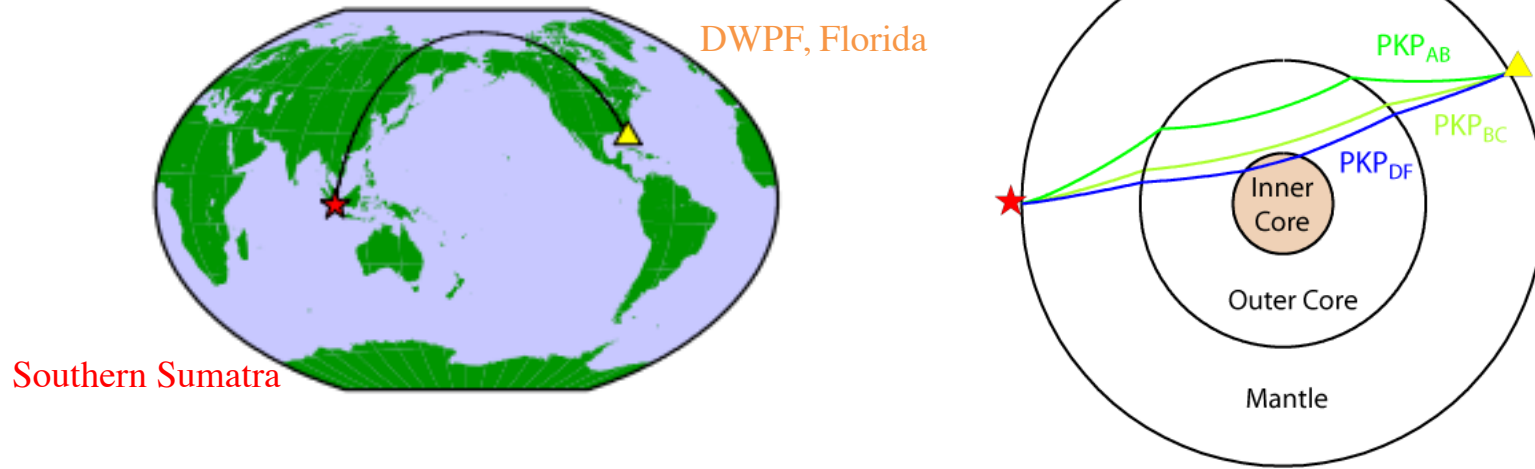


Glatzmaier & Roberts (1995)

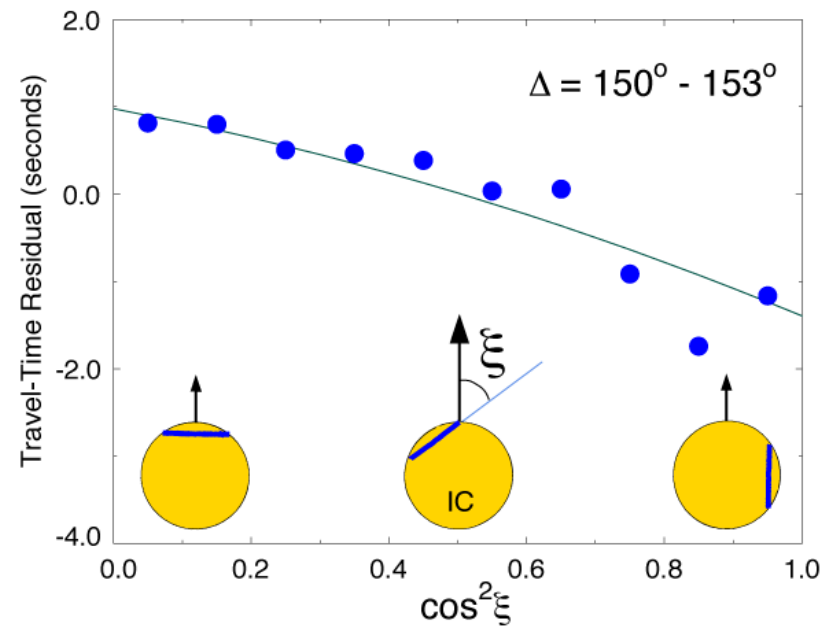
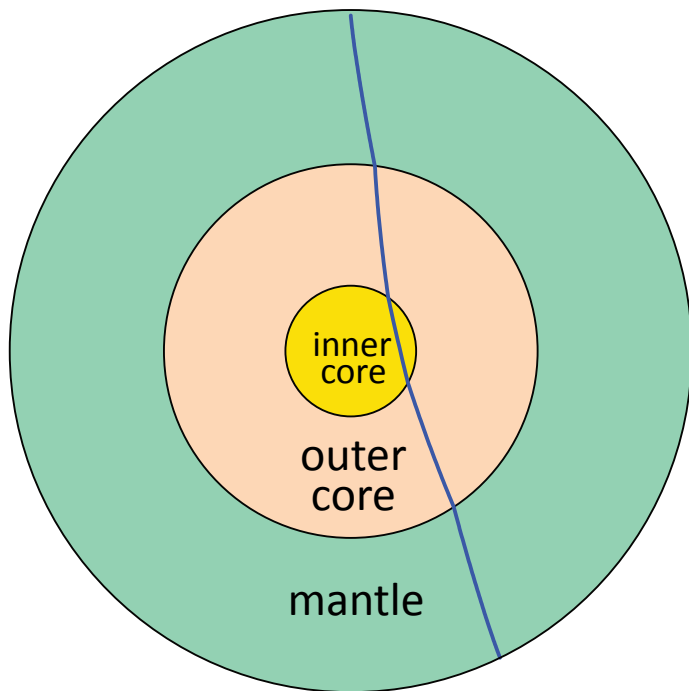
# Earth's Magnetic Field



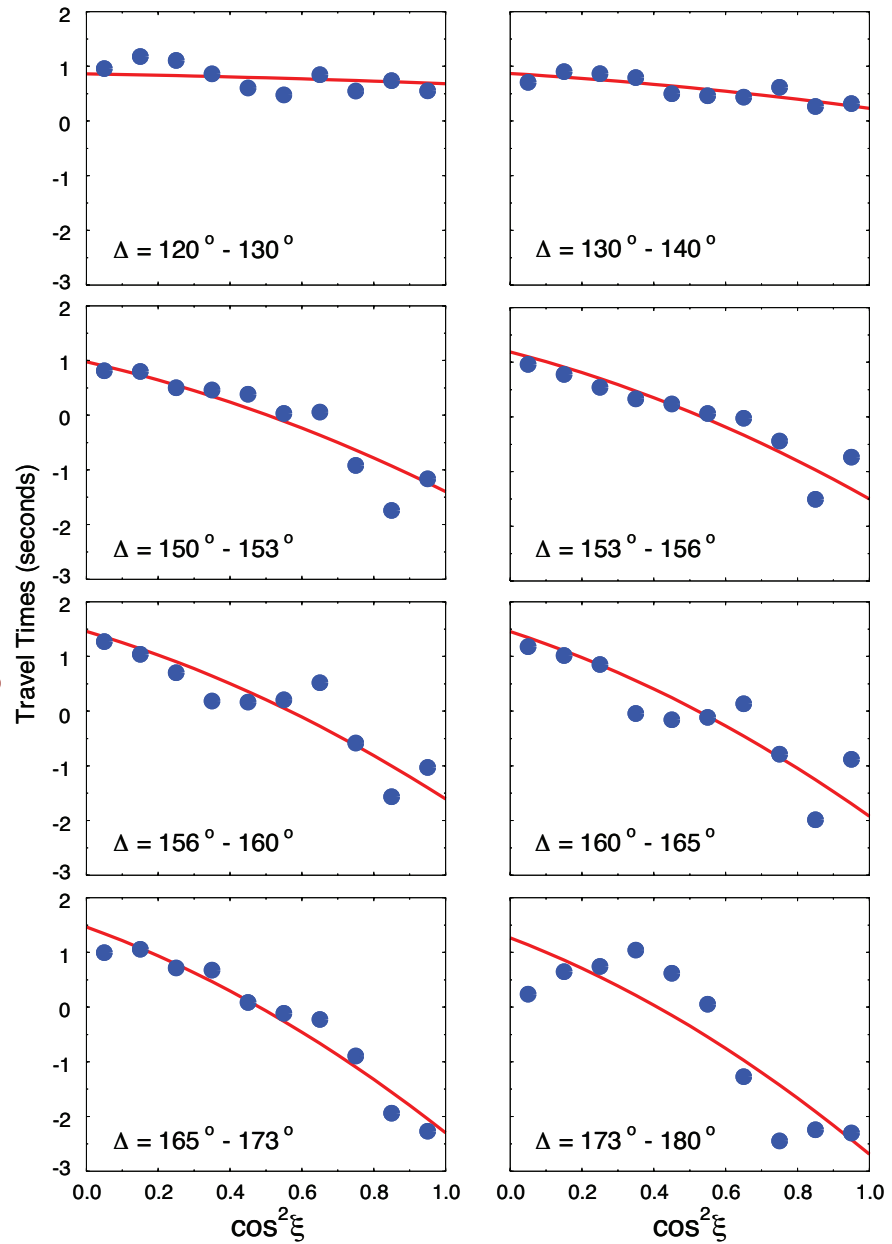
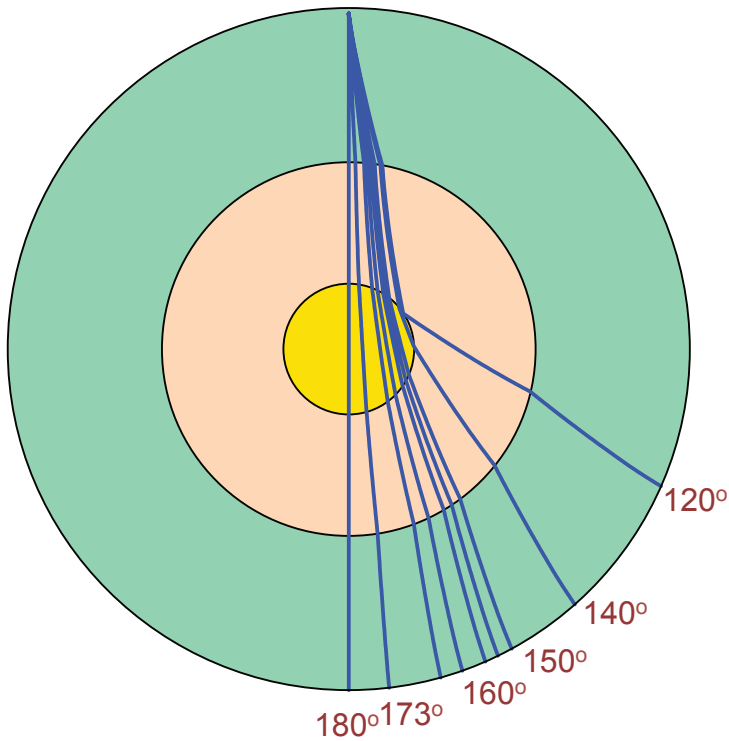
# Body Waves: July 25, 2004 Southern Sumatra Mw 7.3



# Inner Core Observations

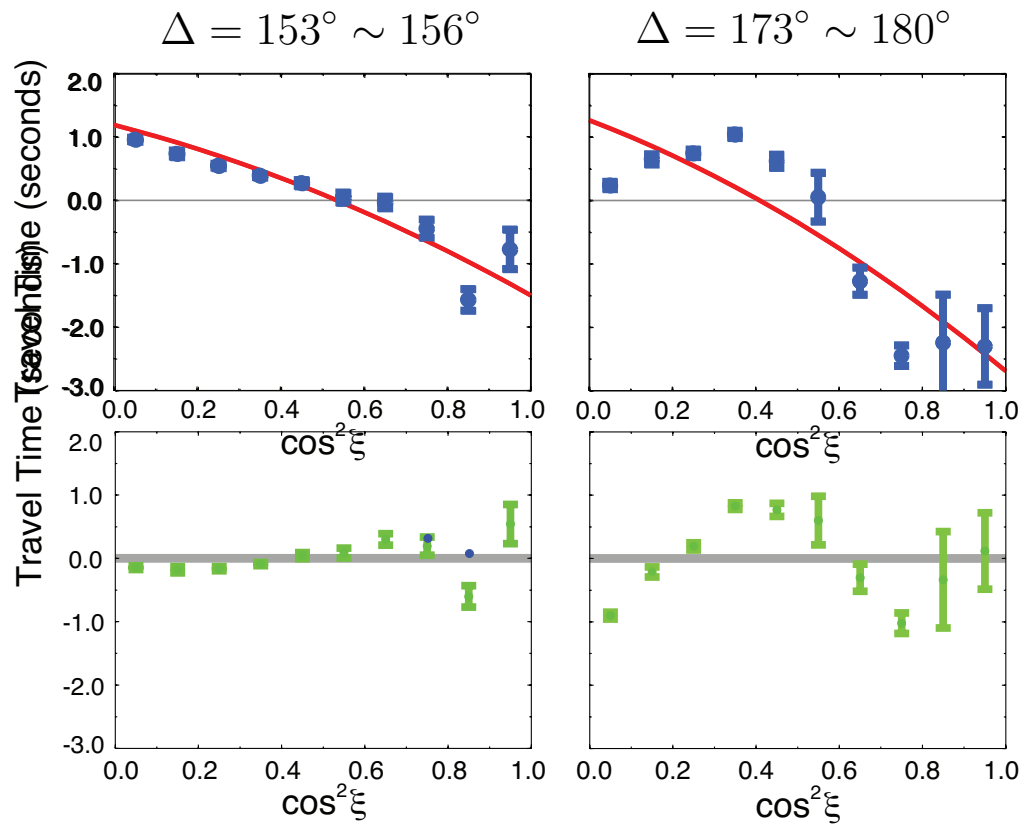
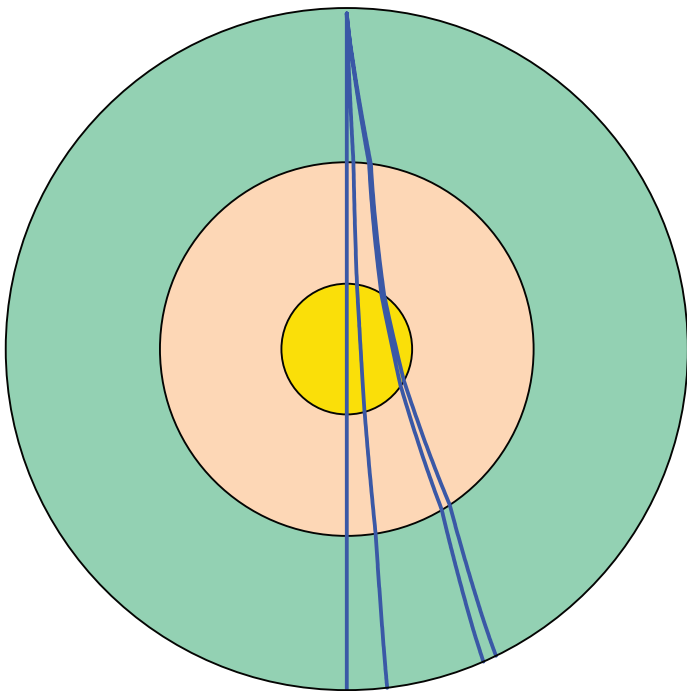


# Seismic Wave Travel-Time Observations





# Inner Core Layers



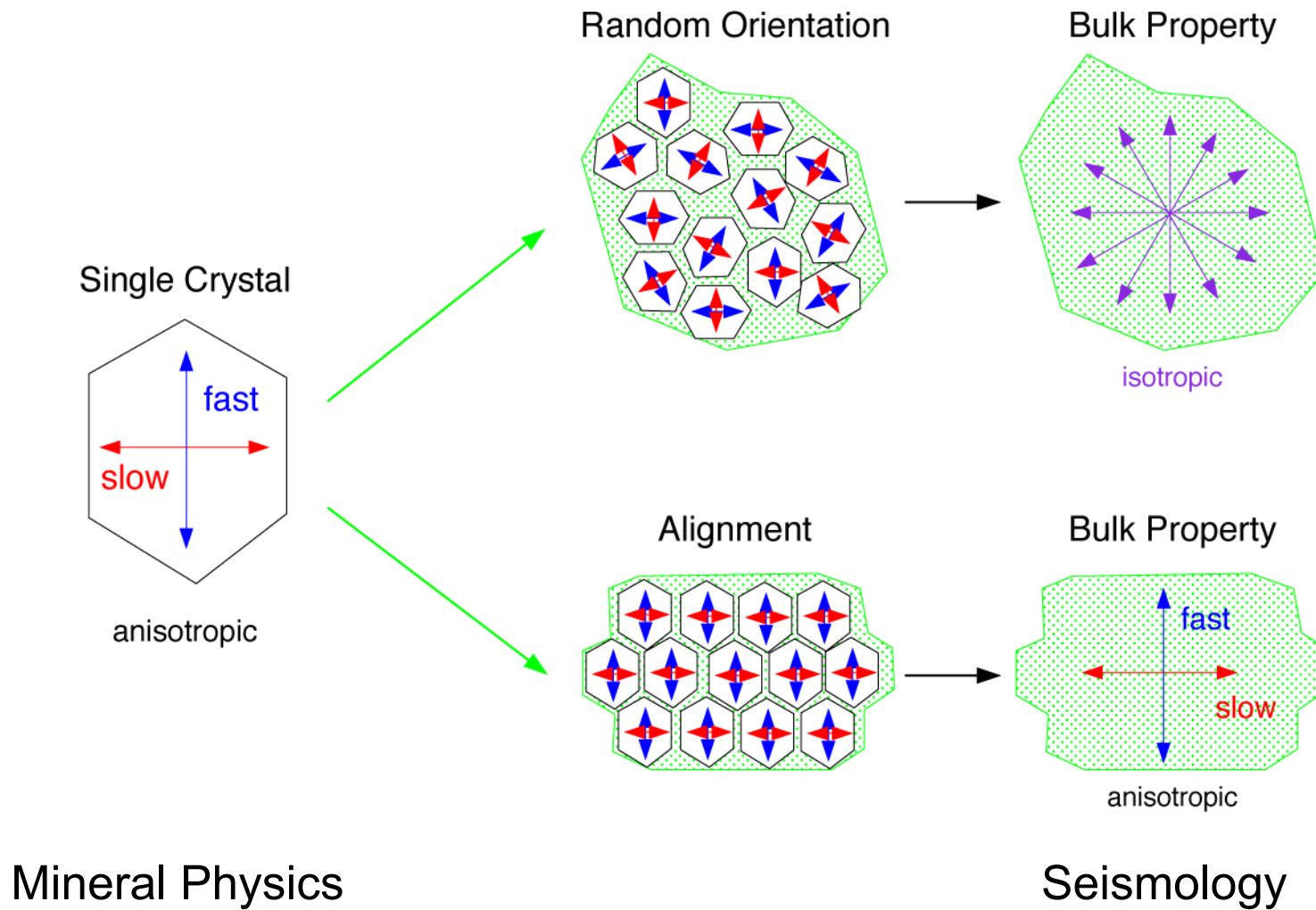
→ two distinct layers

# Earth's Innermost Inner Core

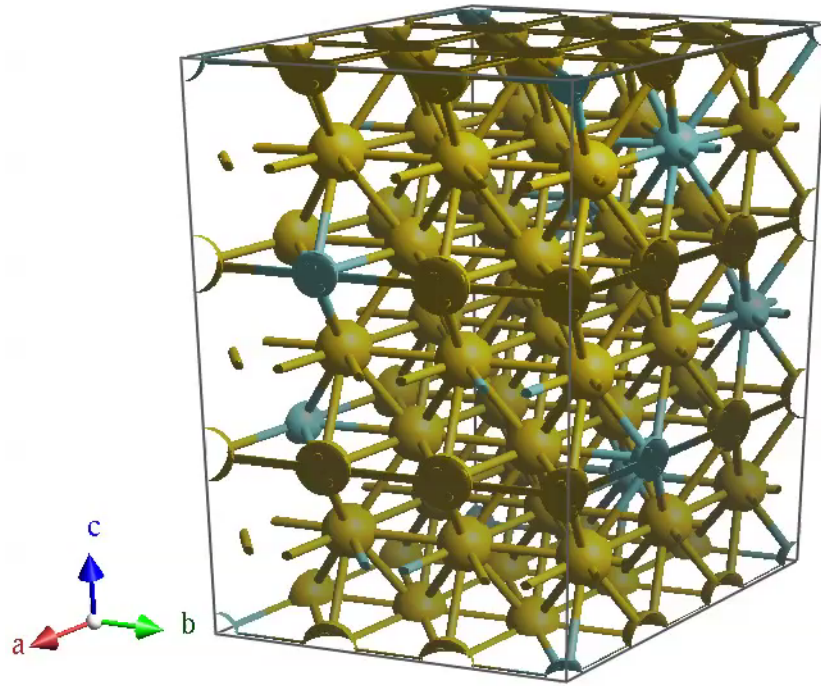


- reported in 2002
- 300 km radius
  - Inner Core: 1221 km
  - Moon: 1737 km
  - Earth: 6371 km
- 0.01% by volume
- change in anisotropy

# Observed Anisotropy

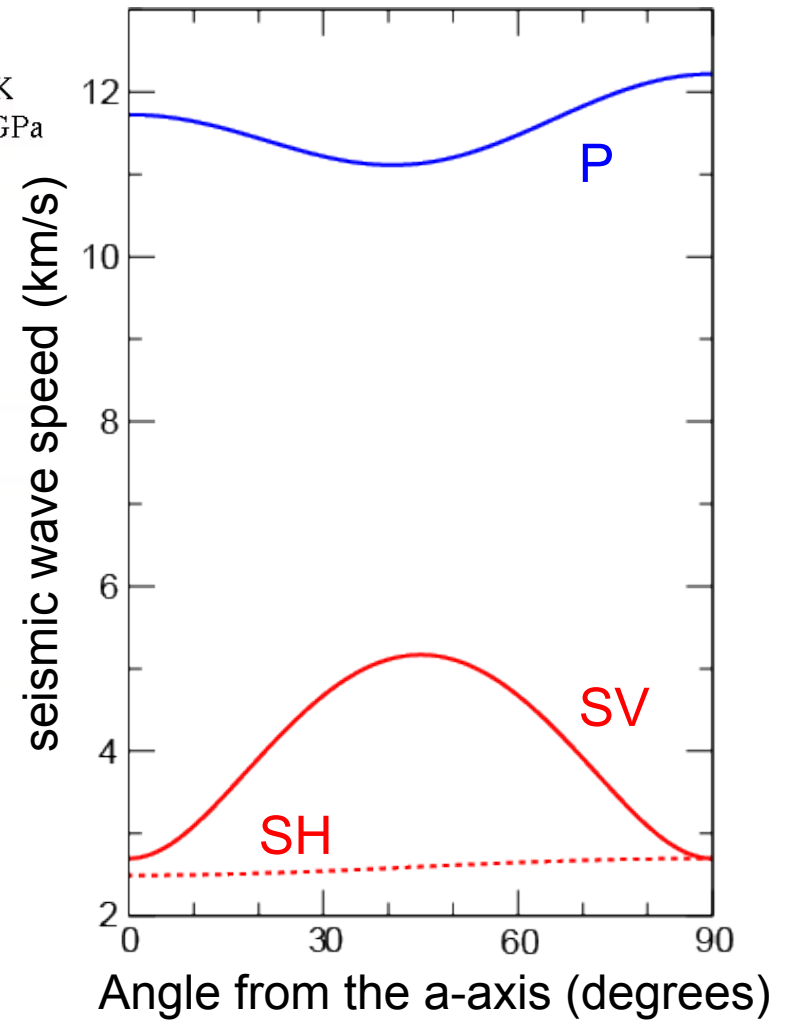


# Ab Initio Calculations



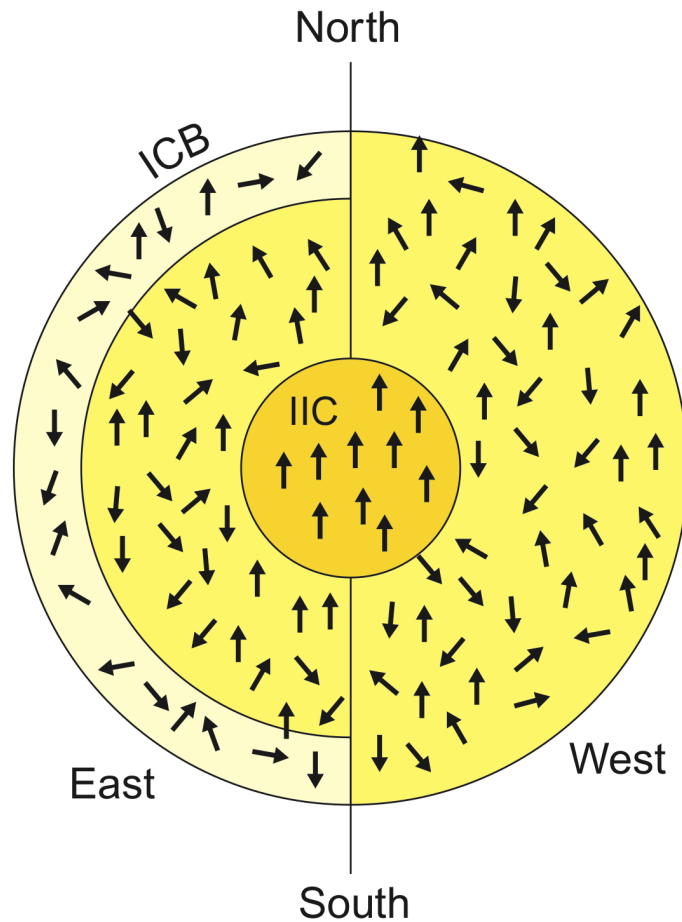
12.49 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

t = 1 fs  
T = 4996 K  
P = 282.6 GPa



Kuwayama (2011)

# Summary

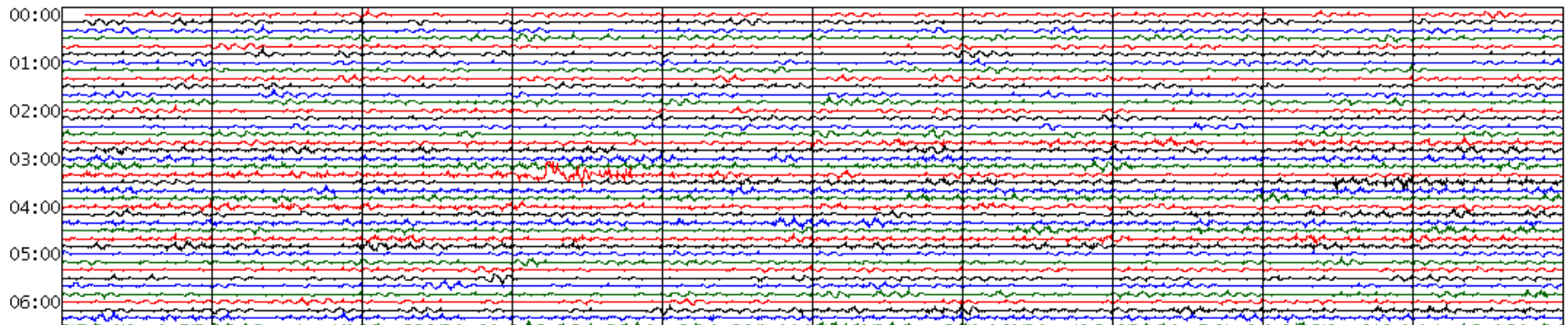


- ◆ Recordings of Ground Motion
  - event detection
  - studies of the Earth's interior
- ◆ Inner-Core Boundary
  - reflected waves
  - impedance contrast
  - input for geodynamo simulations
- ◆ Inner-Core Anisotropy
  - transmitted waves
  - change in anisotropy
  - innermost inner core
  - iron alloy at high temperature & pressure
- ◆ multi-disciplinary study of the Earth

# February 15, 2013 03:20:26 Meteor Event



ARU.II.00.BHZ.2013.046



BRVK.II.00.BHZ.2013.046

